Glycyrrhiza lepidota Pursh, WILD LICORICE. Perennial herb, forming clonal thicket, unarmed, rhizomatous, several-stemmed at base arising from each rhizome tip, bushlike when flowering with much branching from axillary buds, ascending, in range 70–120 cm tall; shoots with only cauline leaves, \pm viscid, glandular with pubescent hairs and dotted with small, blisterlike glands, with strong aroma of licorice; rhizomes shallow, horizontal, to 15 mm diameter, seldom branching, with pale brown periderm, in ×-section with soft, whitish tissues; roots nodulated. Stems: angular and ridged when young, less so with age, to 7 mm diameter, with ridge descending from each leaf, green developing red stripes, internodes 30–100 mm long, with blisterlike glands and resinous from stalked glandular hairs. Leaves: helically alternate, odd-1-pinnately compound with 9–17(–19) leaflets having paired lateral leaflets, 80–200(–240) mm long, petiolate with pulvinus, with stipules; stipules 2, attached below pulvinus at petiole-stem junction, narrowly triangular to wing-shaped, (3-)5-7(-10) mm long, green, deciduous; petiole 26-32 mm long, with small pulvinus at base; rachis ridged and narrowly channeled, 92-124 mm long, whitish on upper side, pubescent with nonglandular hairs, blisterlike glands, and stalked glandular hairs; stipel subtending leaflet absent; petiolules 1–2 mm long, green, pubescent primarily on upper surface; blades of leaflets lanceolate to narrowly ovate or elliptic, $(15-)28-53 \times$ 12–21 mm, terminal leaflet > lateral leaflets, entire, acute with short point at tip, pinnately veined with principal veins sunken on upper surface and midrib raised on lower surface, densely dotted with greenish, blisterlike glands. Inflorescence: raceme, axillary, with 20-50+ flowers in tight, dense, helical clusters of ca. 5 flowers separated by \pm 3 mm internode, clusters loose and poorly defined at base, bracteate, very resinous from glandular hairs; peduncle 25–60 mm long increasing with age, often with reddish veins; rachis ridged, 15–45 mm long; bractlet subtending pedicel narrowly lanceolate, 3–8.5 mm long, membranous and wavy on margins, glandular-pubescent; pedicel 0.5–1 mm long. Flower: bisexual, bilateral, pealike (papilionaceous), 3.5–4 mm across (banner mostly folded); nectary nectar-producing receptacle beneath ovary, green, nectar copious, thin; calvx 5-lobed, 7–8 mm long; tube 3–6 mm long, shorter on lower side; lobes unequal, narrowly triangular, dotted with sunken glands, glandular-pubescent, upper lobes partially united and with tips free for 2–3 mm; petals 5, white greenish at base; banner not clawed, elliptic-obovate, in range $10-12.5 \times ca. 6$ mm, folded but flaring later, white with pale lavender at tip, base firmly cupping ovary base (collecting nectar); wings 2, clawed, weakly spreading at tip, claw 2.5 mm long, white, limb oblong, 4.5–7 mm long, white to greenish with exposed portion blushed light lavender, each with a short, swollen, basal lobe not locked or fused with keel; keel of 2 fused limbs on lower edge 3 mm to tip, 8-8.5 mm long, claw 2.5 mm long, greenish; stamens 10, diadelphous (9 filaments fused and 1 free), 7–7.5 mm long, included; filament sheet to midpoint around ovary, greenish; anthers basifixed, dithecal, dimorphic, alternating ± 0.5 mm long and ± 0.2 mm long, light yellow, longitudinally dehiscent; pollen whitish; **pistil** $1, \pm 8$ mm long; ovary superior, lanceoloid, ca. 3 mm long, green, glandular-hairy, with numerous vertical rows of developing prickles, the prickles initially upward-curved, short-0.3 mm long, greenish, 1-chambered with 6-8 ovules attached to upper side; style 4.5 mm long, pale green, suture line of ovary continuing as groove along style (at least along base of style), straight except abruptly curved above stamens; stigma terminal, dark green. Fruit: pod (legume), indehiscent and burrlike, 2-4-seeded, ellipsoid, 12-15 mm long including persistent beak (style), brown,

densely covered with radiating, upward-hooked prickles ca. 2 mm long, with spheric glandular-hairs among bristle bases; beak \pm straight, ca. 4 mm. **Seed**: kidney-shaped, \pm 2.5 mm long, purplish brown. Early May–late June.

Native. Robust perennial herb growing in hard loam, currently known from Malibu Creek State Park (SMM) and Wildwood Regional Park (SH), but perhaps occurring elsewhere. *Glycyrrhiza* is the genus from which licorice is obtained, from its rhizomes. This species has blisterlike glands on exposed organs and a burrlike fruit with radiating, hooked prickles.

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