Piperia elongata Rydb., DENSE-FLOWERED REIN ORCHID, CHAPARRAL ORCHID, WOOD REIN ORCHID. Perennial herb, geophytic with cormlike caudex, rosetted, 1-stemmed at base, scapose, unbranched, erect, in range (30–)40–60 cm tall; shoot with 3–4 basal to lower cauline leaves and several widely spaced bracts on lower peduncle grading upward to bractlets, glabrous; caudex ± spheroidal. **Stems** (+ lower peduncle): cylindric, to 4 mm diameter, straight, green, lacking stomates. Leaves: alternate distichous, simple with sheath; sheath closed; blade elliptic, $20-130(-160) \times 5-50$ mm, folded upward along midvein, entire, obtuse at tip, parallel-veined, surfaces \pm smooth. **Inflorescence:** spike, terminal, 100-320 mm long, dense with 60+ helically alternate, sessile flowers, bracteate, flowers remaining open many days after anthesis; peduncle-axis stemlike, cylindric, glabrous, with epidermal cells short and \pm bladderlike (vesicular) in vertical rows; bracts along peduncle lanceolate, to 20×9 mm decreasing upward to 6×2 mm, ascending or suberect at base; bractlet subtending flower 1 (lacking inner bractlet), green, acuminatelanceolate, $4-5 \times 1-1.5$ mm increasing to 7×2 mm in fruit, persistent, cupping base of ovary later fruit; pedicel 0–0.5 mm long and in fruit 0–1 mm long, whitish. Flower: bisexual, bilateral, 3-3.5 mm across and 4.5-5.5 mm tall, spurred, with ovary twisted 180° (resupinate) so upper petal (lip) appears to be the lowest perianth segment; lightly scented like honey; sepals 3, \pm free, arising from short tube above ovary, \pm equal, $2.7-3 \times 1.3-1.5$ mm, green and narrowly colorless on margins, 1-veined; upper sepal pointed forward, elliptic, flat to \pm inrolled; lateral 2 sepals reflexed, ovate, without colorless spots (raphides), upper surface with bladderlike cells (vesicular); **petals** 3, dimorphic; upper 2 petals ascending, triangular-lanceolate, $2.5-3 \times 1.4-1.5$ mm; lip (labellum = 3rd petal) descending, fused at base to lateral sepals, triangular, $2.5-3 \times 1.7-2$ mm, with thickish midvein, spurred, the spur curved downward, in range to 11 mm long, not compressed, narrowly bulbous and greenish at end, internally nectar-producing; stamen 1, fused into column with style and stigma, visible at throat, = 2 anther sacs (dithecal), each sac 1×0.5 mm, lower 2/3 white, orangey brown at tip or uniformly white; pollen in solid mass (pollinum) 2, 1 per sac, cream-colored to light yellow, ± 1 mm long, with numerous sausage-shaped pollen clusters (massulae) connected by fine elastic threads into a narrow, grapelike cluster (sectile), each pollinium joined to 1 viscidium (sticky attachment to insect, 2 viscidia per flower) by a short stalk (caudicle), viscidium shallow cup-shaped, ca. 0.3 mm diameter, semi-transparent pale yellow; **pistil** 1, < 6 mm long; ovary inferior, twisted and curved 180°, narrowly oblong or oblanceoloid, 2.5–4 mm long, green, strongly 3-ridged, 1-chambered with great numbers of ovules attached to walls; style = part of column fused with stamen; stigma obscurely 3-lobed, positioned below anther. Fruit: capsule, dehiscent by longitudinal slits, many-seeded, ovoid, 4–11 × 3 mm, twisted, 3ribbed. **Seed:** light-weight, ± lanceoloid, 0.25–0.35 mm long, pale brown to cinnamon brown on truncate end and colorless on other half, with winglike longitudinal ribs. Mid-June-mid-July.

Native. Geophytic perennial herb discovered by Tony Valois in 2005 growing at SMMNRA Circle X Ranch in a similar chaparral habitat as the more common rein orchid but flowering instead in early summer. *Piperia elongata* overall resembles *P. unalascensis*, but this orchid has leaf blades obtuse at tip and the perianth spur is about twice as long.

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